

# NTSB Investigation Process & the Party System

Tour Operators Program of Safety
Helicopter Tour Operators Committee
October 25, 2018
Long Beach, California

Stephen Stein
Air Safety Investigator
Federal Way, Washington

### What we will cover...

- The Function of the NTSB
- Agency Breakdown
- Defining an Accident
- The Accident Investigation Process
- NTSB Party System
- What to do if your company is involved in an accident



## Stephen Stein

- Background
  - NTSB Air Safety Investigator: 2012 Present
  - Various Flight Schools/Part 135 Ops: 2009 2012
  - Law Firm Manager: 2007 2009
  - Law Clerk/Paralegal: 2005 2007
- Education
  - MS, Safety Science
    - Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University Prescott, AZ
  - AS, Aviation Maintenance
    - Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University Worldwide
  - BA, Legal Studies
    - University of San Francisco
  - Private Pilot, Instrument



## The NTSB Mission

The National Transportation Safety Board is an independent Federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant accidents in the other modes of transportation -- railroad, highway, marine and pipeline -- and issuing safety recommendations aimed at preventing future accidents.



## Mission Breakdown...

- Title 49 CFR Parts 830 & 831
- Independent federal agency
- Investigate every civil accident in the U.S.
- Understand the facts, conditions, and circumstances for each accident
- Issue safety recommendations



### The NTSB Mission - Breakdown

### The NTSB is additionally charged with:

- Making recommendations to prevent future accidents
- Conducting special studies and investigations
- Coordinating resources to assist victims and their families after an accident
- Court of Appeals (ALJ) for airmen, mechanics, and mariners with certificate actions against them



## Structure of the NTSB

- The NTSB is comprised of 5 Board
  Members, appointed by the President, and
  confirmed by the Senate.
- Members serve 5-year staggered terms









# The NTSB Mission – Personnel & Workload

Alaska



Anchorage

Western



Federal Way, WA

Central



Denver

#### Eastern



Ashburn, VA

#### Agency:

- 415 Employees
- OAS 120
   Investigators
- 1,500 accidents per year total

#### Regions:

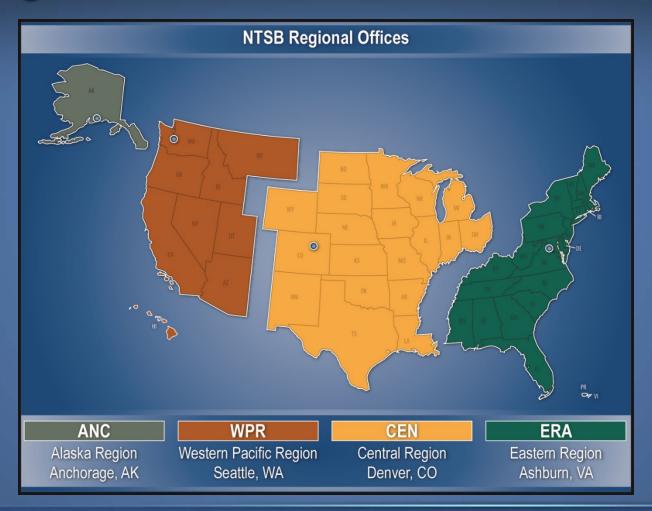
- 47 Investigators
- 1,200 accidents per year
- On-call 24/7/365

#### NTSB HQ





# Regional Offices





## Notification & Reporting (§830.5)

The operator of an aircraft shall **immediately** and by the *most expeditious means available* notify the nearest NTSB Field Office when an *aircraft accident* or any of the following *incidents* occur:

- Flight control system malfunction
- Inability of any crew member to perform normal flight duties as a result of injury or illness
- Internal turbine engine failure (uncontained)
- In-flight fire
- Aircraft collision in flight



## Notification & Reporting

- Continued....
  - Damage to property >\$25,000
  - Release of propeller blade (excluding ground contact)
  - Failure of 50% of EFIS, EICAS, PFD, PND..etc.
  - ACAS resolution advisory (RA) with risk of collision
  - Damage to helicopter TR or MR blades (including ground damage)



### What is an accident?

An occurrence associated with the operation of an aircraft which:

- takes place between the time any person boards the aircraft with the intention of flight and all such persons have disembarked, and in which
- any person suffers death or serious injury, or in which
- the aircraft receives substantial damage



## What is serious injury (§830.2)?

### Any injury which:

- Hospitalization for more than 48 hours, within 7 days of the date that the injury was received;
- Fracture of any bone (except simple fractures of fingers, toes, or nose);

#### Cont'd:

- Causes severe hemorrhages, nerve, muscle, or tendon damage;
- Internal organ or;
- 2<sup>nd</sup> or 3<sup>rd</sup> degree burns, or burns affecting more than 5% of the body surface



## What is *substantial damage* (§830.2)?

Substantial Damage is...

Damage or failure which:

- Adversely affects the structural strength, performance, or flight characteristics of the aircraft, and which;
- would normally require major repair or replacement of the affected component

Substantial Damage is **not**...

- Engine failure or damage limited to an engine if only one engine fails or is damaged,
- Bent fairings or cowling
- Dented skin
- Small punctured holes in the skin or fabric
- Ground damage to rotor or propeller blades
- Damage to landing gear, wheels, tires, flaps, engine accessories, brakes, or wingtips are not considered "substantial damage" for the purpose of this part.



## What is *substantial damage* (§830.2)?

Substantial Damage is...

Damage or failure which:

- Adversely affects the structural strength, performance, or flight characteristics of the aircraft, and which;
- would normally require major repair or replacement of the affected component

Substantial Damage is **not**...

- Engine failure or damage limited to an engine if only one engine fails or is damaged,
- Bent fairings or cowling
- Dented skin
- Small punctured holes in the skin or fabric
- Ground damage to rotor or propeller blades
- Damage to landing gear, wheels, tires, flaps, engine accessories, brakes, or wingtips are not considered "substantial damage" for the purpose of this part.



### What is an *incident*?

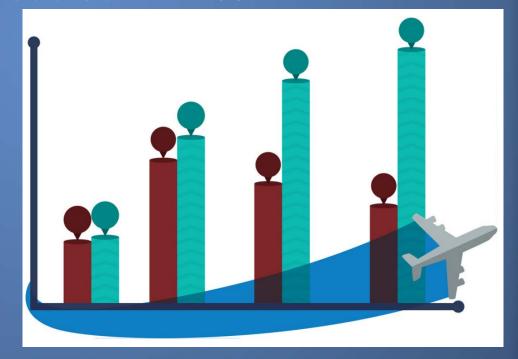
- "An occurrence other than an accident associated with the operation of an aircraft, which affects or could affect the safety of operations."
  - 49 Code Federal Regulations 830.2



## Rotorcraft Accident Rate

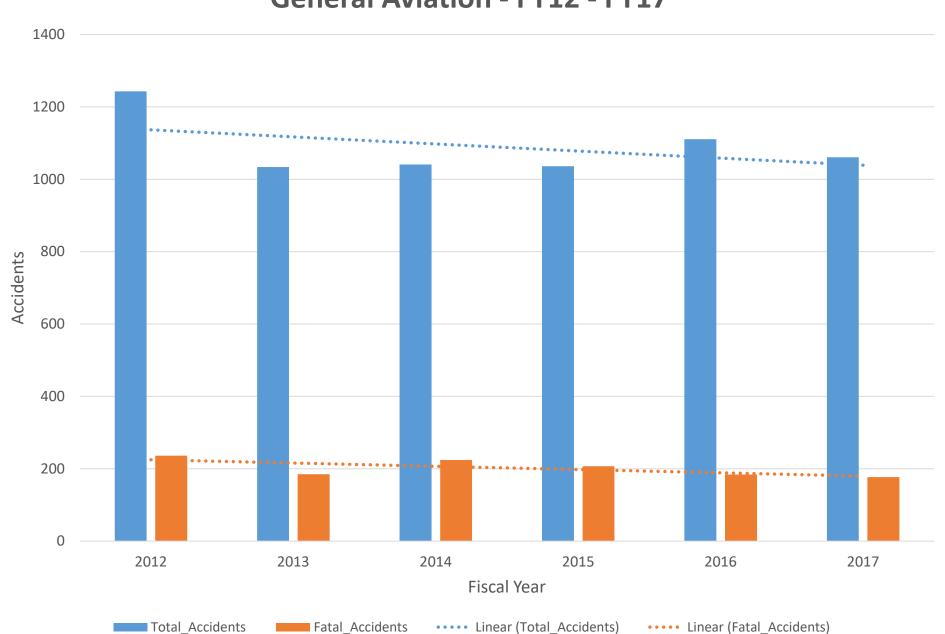
Data comes from FAA who compiles its data from...

- FAA activity surveys
  - For GA and non-scheduled Part 135
- Operators through DOT
  - For scheduled Part 135 and Part 121

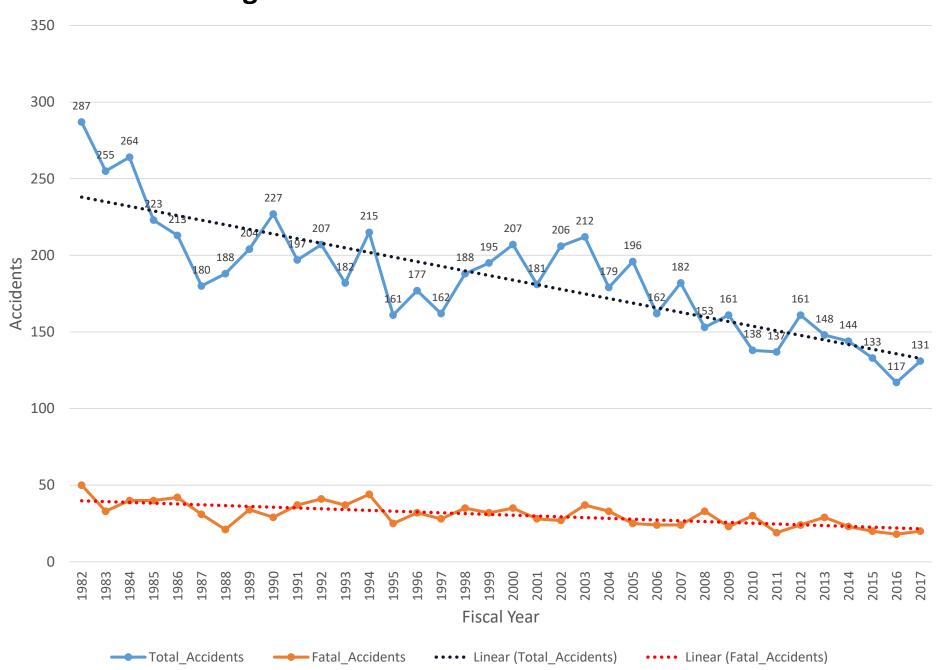




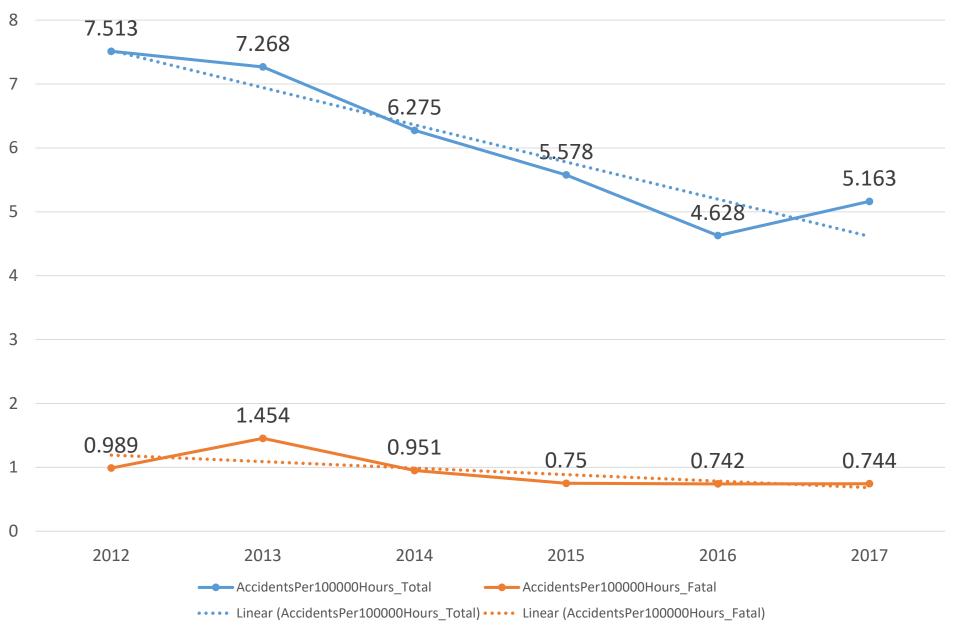
# Total Accidents General Aviation - FY12 - FY17

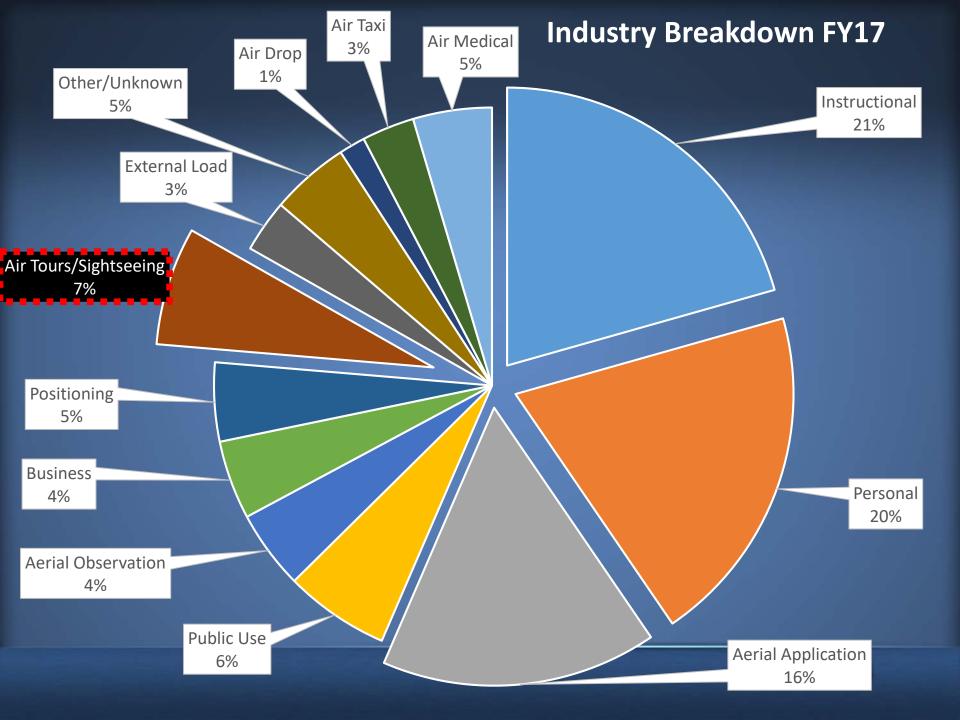


#### **U.S. Registered Rotorcraft Accidents FY82 - FY17**

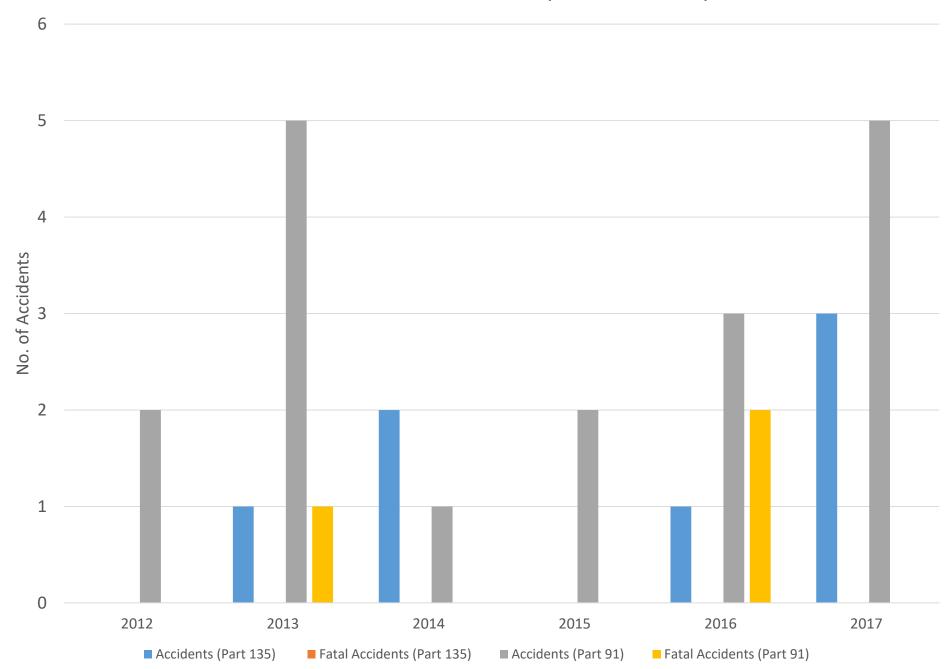


# Rotorcraft Accident Rate (per 100,000 hours)





### Air Tour Accident Rates (FY12 - FY17)



# The Accident Investigation Process Summarized



## Accident Reporting

- Call 911
  - Law Enforcement will typically notify FAA Operations
- Notify NTSB HQ or the closest FAA Response Operations Center (just in case)
  - NTSB (202-314-6290)
  - FAA West (206-231-2099)





## Preservation of Wreckage

- Operator is responsible for preserving wreckage and records (§830.10)
- Wreckage may not be disturbed unless:
  - To remove persons injured or trapped
  - To protect from further damage
  - To protect public from injury
- Before moving
  - Take photographs (if possible)



## Triaging the Reported Event

NTSB's goal within the first hours of notification...

- Establish level of injury/damage
- Assess level of effort to contain event
- Categorize investigation



## Classify Accident

- Field (FA) Investigations
- Limited (LA) Investigations
- Data Collection (CA) Investigations

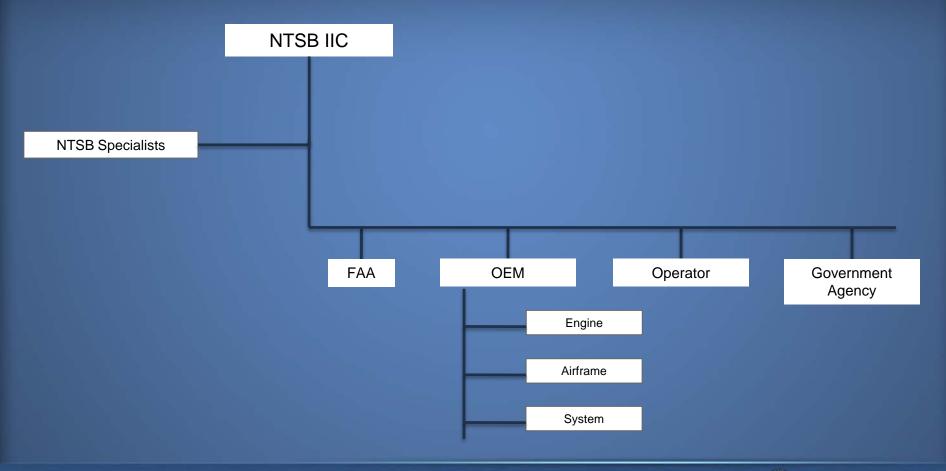


What is the party system?

- Technical advisors to the investigation
- Allows government agencies, OEMs, and operators to participate in investigation
  - As parties, the investigative team can remediate safety hazards immediately



# Organization Chart – Regional Investigation





Who is party to an investigation?

"Parties shall be limited to those persons, government agencies, companies, & associates whose employees, functions, and activities, or products were involved in the accident and who can provide suitable qualified technical personnel to actively assist in the investigation"

- 49 Code Federal Regulations 831.11(a)(1)



Flow and Dissemination of Accident or Incident Information

"Release of information during the investigation is made *only* through Board Member present, Office of Public Affairs, or the Investigator-in-Charge (IIC)."

- 49 Code Federal Regulations 831.13(a)



# Flow and Dissemination of Accident or Incident Information

"All information concerning the accident goes to IIC before any individual outside the investigation. Parties to the investigation may relay to their organizations information necessary for prevention or remedial action, but no info may be released to any person not a party representative (including non-party rep employees of party organization) before initial release by the Board without prior approval of IIC

- 49 Code Federal Regulations 831.13(b)



## On-Scene Expectations

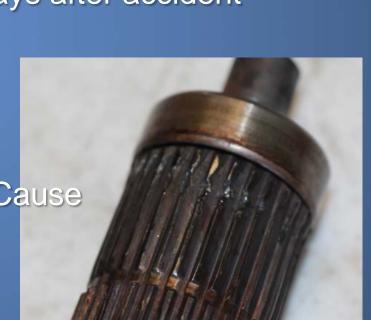
What you can expect from us....

- Coordinate duties of investigative team
- Document accident site
- Discuss findings and develop field notes/group notes
- Morning/Nightly meetings
- Outbrief
- Press briefing to manage flow and dissemination of information

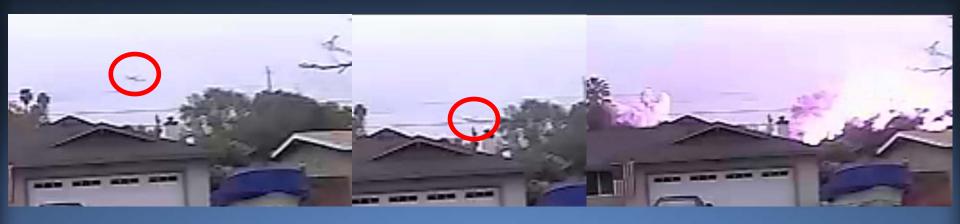


# Follow-up Activities

- NTSB Preliminary Report
  - Typically released 5 10 days after accident
  - Available at <u>www.ntsb.gov</u>
- Tests and Examinations
- NTSB Factual Report
- NTSB Analysis and Probable Cause







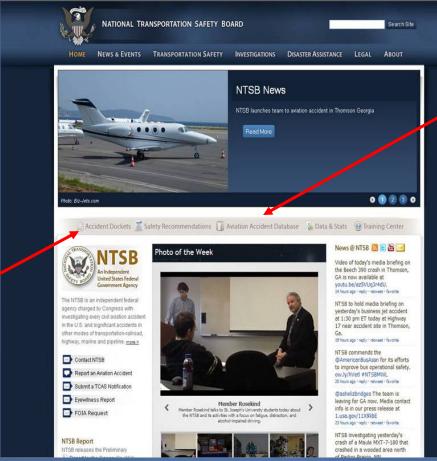
# Read Our Reports!







## Where can I find these reports?



Reports

**Public** 

**Dockets** 



## Release of Reports

### 49 CFR 831...

- Party members are entitled to review the draft factual report and provide written comments
- 49 CFR 831.14(a) permits party members to submit their own proposed findings based on facts uncovered during investigation



# What to do if my company aircraft has a mishap?





## Accident/Incident Checklist

- ✓ Check NTSB immediate notification criteria (§830.5)
- ✓ Notify NTSB
- ✓ Preserve wreckage
- ✓ Assess cargo for hazardous material
- ✓ Take photos
- ✓ Limit statements to media
- ✓ Make crew available for interview
- ✓ Drug/alcohol test of flight crew
- ✓ Retain records (flight and a/c logbooks)
- ✓ Complete NTSB Form 6120



## How do you prepare

- Risk management plan
- Understand the mission risk/severity
- Know what your EMS response time is
- Get to know your local NTSB investigators
- Identify employees who can serve as party representatives



## Follow-Up Questions

- Grand Canyon
  - Updates
  - Drones and 3D Modeling
- NTSB Position on Lap Children
  - See NTSB Safety Alert (SA 015) on our website
- Position of Door Off Flights



## Your Closest Regional Office

Western Pacific Region

505 S. 336<sup>th</sup> St., Suite 540

Federal Way, WA 98003

Phone: 253-874-2880

NTSB HQ Communications: 202-314-6290

Chief: Debra Eckrote (253-874-0621)

Deputy Chief: Dennis Hogenson (253-874-0622)



## All Regional Offices & HQ

Alaska Regional Office

222 West 7th Ave

Anchorage, Alaska 99513

Phone: 907-782-4848

Eastern Region

45065 Riverside Pkwy

Ashburn, Virginia 20147

Phone: 571-223-3930

Central Region

4760 Oakland St.

Denver, Colorado 80239

Phone: 303-373-3500

NTSB Headquarters

490 L'Enfant Plaza SW

Washington, D.C. 20594

Phone: 202-314-6000



## Speaker's Contact Information

Stephen Stein

Air Safety Investigator

National Transportation Safety Board

Western Pacific Region

(w) 202-603-8509

E-mail: stephen.stein@ntsb.gov

